

THREATS OF MASSACRE

Tuan Bids Chinese Wait To Kill.

SQUALLY IN THE SOUTH

Minister Wu Speaks Reassuring Words--Rumors and Facts From the Front.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Shanghai telegrams report that the local mandarins have received a dispatch from Prince Tuan announcing that the court is now in safe keeping, and exhorting them to have patience until winter dominates the allies; to keep the arsenals constantly at work and "everything ready for a massacre of all foreigners when the proper time arrives."

Hongkong dispatches tell of the continued spread of the Southern rebellion. The Hongkong correspondent of the Daily Express sends a report that the British torpedo boat destroyer Hardy shelled 2,000 rebels who were advancing on San-chun, killing forty and wounding hundreds. This is not confirmed from any other point.

The evidence of Prince Tuan's continuing in power causes anxiety. According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post it has produced a serious depression in trade there. Two Chinese banks have failed, others are expected to close, and it is rumored that the Russo-Chinese Bank is in difficulties, owing to the removal of the Chinese court to the province of Shensi.

IMPERIAL DECREES FORGED.

PEKING, Oct. 17.—It is regarded as certain that all the Imperial edicts ordering the punishment of high officials were forged and concocted with the idea of preventing all advances on Pao Tung Fu, Prince Ching and King Li Hung Chang deny its authenticity.

Count von Waldersee is expected to arrive here October 17th.

MESSAGE FROM THE EMPEROR.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Minister Wu called upon the President this morning. Upon leaving the White House the Minister said that he had conveyed to the President a message from the Emperor of China thanking President McKinley for the consideration shown by the United States during the Chinese trouble. The Minister also brought a dispatch from Shanghai from the Southern Viceroy stating that the Imperial party had reached Tung Kuan, only a few miles from Sian Fu, the new capital, on the 14th instant.

Referring to the report from Peking that the edict for the punishment of certain Chinese officials had been forged, Minister Wu said such a story was preposterous and should receive no credence whatever. If anyone should issue a false decree of any character it would be very easy, he said, to ascertain its identity, and he certainly would be benighted.

The advice received by Minister Wu gave no indication of a purpose on the part of the Royal family to return to Peking, although there is reason to believe that efforts continue to be made to induce the Emperor to return to the capital. The Emperor has therefore sent messages of thanks to the Czar of Russia and the Emperor of Japan for the course their Governments have pursued and the message to the President is along the same lines.

Secretary Hay spent some time at the War Department today in conference with Secretary Root, after which he went to the White House. From this it was inferred that there were some military developments in the Chinese situation, although no statement was made from official sources.

Russia's determination to pursue a policy independent of the other powers is regarded by officials as a most important development in the situation. In the absence of official details, those in authority are in doubt as to whether this Russian stroke is designed to insure Russian occupation of Manchuria or is only another move in the game of power which the Czar's Government has given expression to beginning with the announcement of the withdrawal of Russian troops from Peking. As to Russian designs on Manchuria, it is being recalled that in the Russian note of August 23rd that Government specifically stated:

"Russia will not fail to withdraw her troops from within the boundaries of the adjacent empire, provided, however, that the action of other powers shall not stand in the way."

It is a question, however, whether the present aggressive course of Germany in opening a military campaign is not the "action of other powers," which will "stand in the way."

There is a strong impression in official quarters that the entire trend of Russia's action is toward the ultimate acquisition of Manchuria as part of the Russian domain.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS WITH CHINA.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—M. Thiebaud, charge d'affaires of the French Embassy, today presented a memorandum to the State Department from the French Government asking that peace negotiations with China begin immediately in accordance with the favorable action of the powers on the recent French note.

A CARNIVAL OF LOOT.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 16.—According to news given by the arrivals from Peking by the Empress, when the city was occupied there was a carnival of loot, and many of the soldiers and correspondents acquired jade, silver ingots and valuable silks worth thousands of dollars. Even the missionaries were reported to have taken part in the looting. The Boxers had looted during their occupation, the Chinese soldiers had taken what they wanted, and when the allies entered the city the dwellers' houses were again looted. Private looting was recognized in a casual sort of way for three days. Many women were reported to have hanged themselves during the first three days of looting from sheer terror. In one place a number of young women were found suspended to one beam.

When the Imperial palace was entered the richest hauls were made. Here and there was a box after box of almost priceless jade and Chinese precious wares, which were ruthlessly looted. The Imperial bank was entered, the soldiers being guided to this, it is said, by missionaries, and there the silver was found, ingots piled up in boxes like those used for ammunition. The looters filled sacks with

the things. It was a carnival of loot from the time the city was entered.

SUN YAT SEN'S REBELLION.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post, writing Saturday, describes four distinct agitations in Kwang Tung, Kwang Si, Hunan and the Yang-tse region—all of which are anti-dynastic rather than anti-foreign.

"If Sun Yat Sen is successful in the south," says the correspondent, "and his rebellion spreads over the Yang-tse region, he will probably be aided by Prince Tuan, Tung Fu Sheng and the Mohammedan leaders in the northwest."

HONOLULU'S LIBERALITY.

Galveston Fund Acknowledged in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—The following letter tells its own story of the liberality of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu:

To the Editor of the Examiner.
Sir: We were authorized by the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu to send the following telegram and to make the remittance alluded to therein to Governor Joseph D. Sayers of Texas:

"Honolulu, H. I., October 24.
(Via San Francisco.)
Hon. Joseph D. Sayers, Governor of Texas, Houston, Texas.

Dear Sir: The merchants of Honolulu, desiring to express their sympathy for the sufferers in your State by the late disastrous flood, place in your hands the sum of three thousand three hundred dollars (\$3,300), the same to be expended in aid of the many sufferers as you may deem best. Very truly yours,

"J. B. ATHERTON,
"PAUL ISENBERG,
"ROBERT LEWERS.

"Committee of the Chamber of Commerce."
We remain yours faithfully,
WELCH & CO.

O. M. VESPER, Vice President.
By the S. S. Queen the Chamber of Commerce committee received an acknowledgment of the amount from Governor Sayers of Texas in the following telegram of thanks forwarded from San Francisco by Welch & Co.:

Executive Office, State of Texas,
Austin, October 15, 1900.

Gentlemen: I am directed by the Governor to acknowledge the receipt of your telegram, advising him of the transmission to him of \$3,300, being the contribution of the merchants of Honolulu for the relief of the storm sufferers of the Texas coast, and to express to you his sincere thanks for this generous donation and to assure you that the beneficiaries of the same will ever gratefully remember this liberal action on their part.

Yours very truly,
N. A. CAVENS,
Private Secretary.

To Messrs. J. B. Atherton, Paul Isenberg and Robert Lewers, Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu, Hawaii, care of Welch & Co., San Francisco.

PAWTUCKET MIRACLE

LIFE AND STRENGTH RESTORED TO PARALYZED LIMBS.

Doctors Told Mrs. Salisbury that She Would Never Recover—The Sworn Story of Her Miraculous Cure Can be Investigated by Any One.

From the Times, Pawtucket, R. I.

At 11 Follett street, Pawtucket, R. I., within the shadow of St. Joseph's church, lives Mrs. H. T. Salisbury who, a few years ago was a helpless invalid, suffering from a dreaded disease and without hope of recovery. A report who called recently and who knew the nature of her trouble, was surprised when he was met at the door by a matronly-looking woman, apparently in the best of health, who stated that she was Mrs. Salisbury. Her story, as she told it, is as follows:

"About eight years ago," she says, "I was taken with nervous prostration which was followed by a partial paralysis of the lower limbs. This was pronounced by several doctors to be paralysis of the sciatic nerve. One doctor called it locomotor ataxia. I felt a numbness and tingling in the limbs at times and would often fall down suddenly without any apparent cause. I could not direct my steps as I wanted to and was unable to stoop over to pick up anything from the floor without experiencing the most intense pain. I could not go upstairs except on my hands and knees.

"The doctor's treatment kept me alive but I did not get any better. I went to Providence and took a course of treatment but became so weak that I could not continue it. The electricity seemed to afford relief for awhile but it was not permanent.

"One day my husband was reading a newspaper and saw an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. He urged me to try them but I didn't want to. He sent for a box, though, and I tried them. It is a fact that I noticed an improvement from the first.

"Every doctor had told me that there was no cure for my trouble, but my improvement continued and I took the pills steadily for two years. At the end of that time all the nervousness had disappeared. I did not fall as before, and had regained control of my limbs. The pain left me and I had never returned. The pills also built up my general health, and I gained 55 pounds in weight during the treatment.

"I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to many of my friends and neighbors who have complained of nervousness and find that they have proved beneficial in every case. No other medicine has ever helped my trouble and I am happy to speak in favor of the pills."

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of August, 1899.

MRS. H. T. SALISBURY.

CARLOS L. RODGERS,
Notary Public.

All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in a condensed form in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sick cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

President Charles L. Wright of the Wilder Steamship Company, accompanied by his bride (nee Harriet Wilder), returned yesterday from an extended visit on the Mainland.

CORPSES IN THE RIVER

Dreadful Evidences of China's War.

SUN YET SEN'S REVOLT

Von Waldersee Thinks the New Revolutionary Movement is Serious.

TUNGCHOW, August 20.—It is eighty miles by river from Tien-Tsin to this place, and now, two weeks after the allied forces marched through the signs of war and devastation are more apparent than they were at first, for posts have been stationed at intervals of a few miles, and the troops have completed the work of desolation and ruin. The villages that were only partially burned are now utterly destroyed, as they were found to be hiding places for snipers, who attacked single travelers and occasional small parties.

The American and English troops are daily supplied with chickens and eggs by the Chinese, who sell the chickens at \$1 a dozen and eggs for \$1 a hundred. The Chinese avoid Russian camps, as the Russians are even now killing them in the most brutal and cold-blooded manner, irrespective of age or sex.

It is impossible to go far on the river without floating bodies passing your boat, not the bodies of Boxers killed in action, but those of coolies killed for no other purpose than to satiate the blood-thirstiness and cruelty of some soldier. At this place, which is the river post for Peking, two coolies who had been towing a Russian boat, lay down to rest at the completion of their work, were seized by four Russian soldiers, thrown into the water and while swimming were used as targets and were shot to death.

The dogs and hogs along the river bank are living off human flesh and along the roads and rivers horrible sights are witnessed and the stench of putrid flesh is fearful. None are buried and there are no villages as are found in most of the Oriental countries, consequently the dogs and hogs are the only scavengers. American soldiers are not eating Chinese pork at present, but Germans seem to be fond of it, many hogs being shot by a regiment that recently marched from Tien-Tsin to Peking.

SUN YET SEN'S REVOLT.

HONGKONG, Oct. 12.—The reformer, Sun Yat Sen, according to dispatches from Canton, has unfurled the reform flag in the most important town of Wei Chou, on East river. This act has given rise to considerable excitement in military circles in Canton, as it is believed the object of the reformers in raising their flag at Wei Chou is to denude Canton of troops, so that they can seize the city.

VON WALTERSEE'S IDEAS.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—A dispatch received here today from Shanghai says a very serious view is taken at Field Marshal Count von Waldersee's headquarters in Tien-Tsin of the revolutionary movement. At Canton a false alarm on October 5th caused the Chinese officials to protest against any occupation of Chinese territory.

The Yang-tse Viceroy, the dispatch adds, openly affirms that they will oppose any advance of the Germans into Shanghai province.

SQUALLY AT WEI-HAI-WEI.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—The Times has the following from Hongkong, dated yesterday: "The situation at Wei-hai-wei is serious. In six districts the cities are in the hands of the rebels. If an outbreak should occur in Canton its suppression would be difficult."

MUTOHITO TO KWANG-HSU.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—"It is reported here on good authority," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, writing yesterday, "that the Emperor Mutohito, in his reply to Emperor Kwang Hsu's appeal, counsels an immediate return to Peking, the expulsion of the reactionaries and the appointment of able and progressive statesmen."

THE SPOILS OF WAR.

TIENTSIN, Sept. 7.—Lured by the prospect of rich bargains and loot, large numbers of buyers are reaching Peking and Tien-Tsin from Shanghai and other cities in the South. Most of them are acting under a double instruction from dealers in America and Europe, the most exaggerated reports having been spread of the value of the plunder in the sackings of these two north of China cities.

In every by-street and in the environs of the camps soldiers of all the powers gather in little groups bartering the spoils of war. It is all done very quietly, and apparently is winked at by those in authority. These little extemporized bazaars are extremely picturesque. Japs, Americans, Frenchmen, Sikhs, Russians, soldiers of every flag, gather in eager groups, while civilian traders and curious seekers haggle with them over prices in true Oriental fashion.

By far the richest loot procured was silver bullion, in size, as the helmet-shaped ingots are termed. These are worth about 70 taels each or bullion value of from \$10 to \$50 gold. Each bears the Imperial stamp on the under face, and they are the standard of value for the Chinese currency. It is understood that the American force, which captured the mint, secured about \$500,000 in silver, which is being held intact.

Of arms there is a surplus. An immense number of Mauser and Mauser rifles and carbines fell into the hands of the allies and are a drug on the plunder bazaar. Most of them have never been fired, and they bring a small price. Five dollars Mexican or \$250 in gold, purchases a gun in excellent condition. Single, or two-men Chinese guns—huge, unwieldy affairs, carrying a half-pound ball—are plentiful, and for the weapon collector this region is a mine of richness.

THE HAGUE TRIBUNAL.

Harrison and Gray to Represent the United States.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—It is understood the President has selected George H. Gray of Delaware to represent the United States, with ex-President Benjamin Harrison, on The Hague permanent arbitration tribunal.

Judge Gray is a former Senator from Delaware and is a Democrat. He was a member of the Paris Peace Commission and is now a United States Judge for the Third Judicial District. His selection will not involve the surrender of that position.

HIS FORMER COMRADES HONOR F. B. M'STOCKER



FRANK B. M'STOCKER has been presented with a testimonial by his former comrades of the Citizens' Guard. Mr. M'Stockler was senior Captain of Division 1 of the famous old organization, and the memorial sent him to Olan, where he is manager, contains an elaborate portfolio a letter as follows, to which are signed the names of the former officers:

"Frank B. M'Stockler, Esq., Senior Captain, Division 1, Citizens' Guard of Hawaii.

Dear Sir: Having regard to your recent departure from Honolulu to another sphere of action, we, the undersigned officers of Division 1, of the Citizens' Guard of Hawaii, cannot allow the occasion to pass by without testifying our high appreciation of your devotion to the cause for which we were all banded together. "At a most critical time in the history of this community you were the leading and active spirit in perfecting the organization of the body. Your unflinching zeal and energy, your uniform courtesy and impartiality and your never failing readiness of resource are matters known to every resident of these Islands at the period referred to.

For sprains, swelling and lameness there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try it. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents, Hawaiian Territory.

"We would respectfully ask you, dear Sir, to accept this assurance of your comrades that although you may be absent from them in the flesh you will be ever present with them in their memories and that each and all of them wish you happiness, health and prosperity."

The following names are signed to the letter, constituting a list of men who took prominent parts in the event of the closing days of the monarchy: Commander in Chief, Arthur M. Brown, Marshal of the Republic of Hawaii; staff officers, C. B. Wood, surgeon; J. Batchelor, adjutant; W. H. Hoogs, Q. M.; G. W. R. King, Q. M.; Sergeant George C. Stratton, J. J. Kelly, W. R. Sims, aide de camp; captains, F. J. Lowrey, Alfred Carter, Lawrence H. Dee, J. T. Copeland, R. P. Dillingham, J. A. Gilman, C. B. Ripley, J. C. Sorenson, G. Manson, Fritz Rowald, J. F. Clay, E. Hingley, Wray Taylor, Antonio Perry, Jonathan Shaw; lieutenants, C. P. Castle, H. F. Wichman, T. F. Langsire, Frank R. Auerbach, C. L. Crabbe, G. Lucas, J. W. Black, E. P. Mable, E. H. Benson, O. S. Williams, H. W. Williams, H. C. Morton, E. L. Dyer, G. R. Carter, R. P. Zablan, N. P. Jacobson, W. O. Mark, G. Johnston, J. W. Short, J. S. H. Pratt, C. Hagemann, E. E. Paxton, C. M. Cooke, C. H. Perdy, J. J. Gaden, T. A. Lloyd, Jr., D. W. McNichols, F. Carpenter.

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Are just the right kind of SHOES for

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The manufacturers of this machine have sold their goods to no one in the islands excepting our firm. Parties representing that they have the Willcox & Gibbs machine for sale are trying to palm off on an unsuspecting a public very inferior article which resembles the Automatic in every way but in being Automatic in action. The Willcox & Gibbs is the only Automatic Sewing Machine in the world. So called Automatics sold by parties other than us or our agents are frauds. Do not let yourself be talked into buying a machine that is just the same as the Willcox & Gibbs New Automatic, because it is cheaper.

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The Best at the Lowest Price at HOPPS.

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To keep the latest books that are constantly being published—keeps them out of the reach of the children.

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OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

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Where can one find more comfort than resting easy on one of our Box Couches, by being propped up with cushions and reading the latest periodicals?

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TO ORDER, ANY SIZE.

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A SPECIALTY.

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Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow. Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT WILL DO FOR HAWAII OVER SOME THEATRICAL ENTHUSIAST.

THIS HAS INCLUDED BUREAU. THE PROPERTY IS IN QUESTION IS VALUED AT \$1,600,000.

IT IS SO GOOD TO BE DEERLY WILL DO WELL COME TO ALL HONOLULUANS.